WORKSHOP 6: Nordic Cooperation

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Main features of Healthcare systems that support Nordic cooperation

- 1 Cultural coherence (practices of hospitals are similar, language skills...)
- 2 Small population → forces to cooperation
- 3 Free Mobility between countries
- 4 Public funding to most healthcare & research structures
 (Nordic welfare state model) put in question with reforms
 and privatisation
- → Rare diseases would benefit most from Nordic cooperation

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Elements from success stories that contribute to Nordic cooperation

- 1 HIV story: Cross-border fight against criminalisation, a result of Nordic cooperation
- 2 Iceland: forced to send patients abroad because no treatment available at home (legal agreements with other Nordic countries)
- 3 Sharing best practices within Nordic disease-specific umbrella organisations (e.g. Nordic Asthma and Allergy association)
- 4 Coordinating input between and representation of Nordic countries in European umbrellas

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Main barriers to Nordic cooperation

- 1 Lack of trans-Nordic funding (especially for operating costs)
- 2 Lack of human resources
- 3 Lack of political will of national coalitions (don't see the benefits of regional cooperation)
- 4 Distance! 3 time zones!

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Topics where Nordic cooperation has added-value

- 1 Sharing best practices, inspiration, prepare for challenges
- 2 Awareness-raising: more people, bigger voice
- 3 Bigger negotiation power (for price of medicines)
- 4 Advocacy: more influence when speaking for patients' rights (e.g. adoption)
- 5 Education and skill-building
- 6 More opportunities to apply for funds (Nordic Council)

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